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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/584,805	05/31/2000	Peter M. Redling	K41-002 US 2289 EXAMINER	
20736 7	590 07/31/2006			
MANELLI DENISON & SELTER 2000 M STREET NW SUITE 700			MANNING, JOHN	
WASHINGTON, DC 20036-3307		•	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2623	
			DATE MAILED: 07/31/2006	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	09/584,805	REDLING ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	John Manning	2623				
The MAILING DATE of this communication app						
Period for Reply						
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timediately and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONEI	l. lely filed the mailing date of this communication. O (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on	<u>_</u> .					
,-	,—					
·—	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
closed in accordance with the practice under E	x parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 45	3 O.G. 213.				
Disposition of Claims						
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-11 and 18-29</u> is/are pending in the application.						
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-11 and 18-29</u> is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.	r alastian raquiroment					
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	election requirement.					
Application Papers						
9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examine	r.					
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of:						
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.						
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No						
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage						
application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.						
See the attached detailed Office action for a list	or the certified copies not receive	a.				
Attachment(s)						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 4) Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s)/Mail Date						
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date		atent Application (PTO-152)				

DETAILED ACTION

Response to Arguments

1. Applicant's arguments with respect to the amended claims have been considered but are most in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 3. Claims 1-11 and 18-29 rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Hattori et al. (US Pat App Pub No 2002/0066097) in view of Shoff et al. (US Pat App Pub No 2001/0001160).

Regarding claim 1, Hattori discloses "information broadcasting system using a digital broadcasting which can multiplex data of programs and data other than the programs and transmit the multiplexed data, comprising a transmitting side apparatus for multiplexing advertising information added with link information indicative of a linking method of the advertising information and detailed information regarding an advertising and the detailed information to a broadcasting signal and transmitting the multiplexed information to a viewer" (Paragraph 0028). The claimed limitation of "transmitting the icons and associated advertising information to the set top communications box" is met

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by Figures 2 and 3. "In the broadcasting station 21, a program is produced and video/audio signals corresponding to the program are compressed and encoded by, for example, MPEG-2, so that they are digitized and this program material is accumulated in the server 41 of the up-link system 22. The advertising information added with a target ID for specifying a viewer class as a target of goods and services regarding the advertising and the advertising detailed information as more detailed information regarding the goods and services are accumulated in the server 42. The advertising information and the advertising detailed information are data of any one or more of a video image, audio, animation, a still image, an icon, a text, and the like" (Paragraph 0109). "In case of obtaining the detailed information through the internet 32, the accessing method of the detailed information associated to the advertising information is specified by the link information included in the advertising information. For example, the link information includes the address information of a client such as URL (Uniform Resource Locator) of the detailed information homepage 33 of the internet 32" (Paragraph 0112). The claimed limitations of "displaying an icon on the television screen using the set top communications box" and "detecting an input signal indicating that the displayed icon has been selected with an input device for the set top communications box" are met by Figure 5A and 6. "When the advertising icon 81 is displayed, if the viewer who watches the program wants to know more detailed information, he operates the commander 27 and clicks the advertising icon 81. Whether the icon 81 has been clicked or not, namely, the presence or absence of the operation to request the display of the advertising detailed information is determined (step S5).

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When there is no display request of the advertising detailed information, the processing routine advances to step S7. In step S7, a check is made to see if a display end time of the advertising icon 81 has come. When the display end time comes, the display of the advertising icon 81 is turned off in step S8 and the processing routine is finished. A display time of the advertising icon is controlled by, for example, a timer" (Paragraph 0133). The claimed limitations of "wherein the displayed icon is not selected for display based on the subject matter of the television program being displayed on the television screen" and "wherein the advertising information associated with the displayed icon is targeted based on information of the subscriber" are met by Figure 5A. The advertisements are targeted based on viewer attributes, such as sex, age, district and hobbies. Since the advertisements are based on viewer attribute, they are not based on the television program being displayed. "The target ID is specified in a manner similar to the viewer attribute information registered in an IC card unit of each receiving terminal. That is, the target ID is used to specify a range of consumer or purchase layer to which the enterprise wants to provide the goods and services concerning the advertising. Specifically speaking, the target ID has information such as sex, age, district, hobby, and the like. In the broadcasting signal, the target ID is added to the head of a series of advertising data. For example, a viewer attribute is registered in an IC card which is handed to the subscriber after he made a contract of the digital broadcasting" (Paragraph 0110). "The target ID of the preserved and received advertising information is collated with the viewer attributes (sex, age, district, etc.) which have previously been recorded in the IC card unit 66 and the advertising

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information in which both of them coincide is selectively read out from the storing device 71 (step S3). The extracted advertising information data is supplied the OSD control unit 70 and the advertising icon is displayed in the picture plane. For example, as shown at the top stage in FIG. 6, an advertising icon 81 is displayed in a part of a picture plane 80 which is displaying the program (step S4)." (Paragraph 0132). The claimed limitation of "retrieving the advertising information associated with the selected icon with the set top communications box after detecting that the icon was selected" is met by Figures 5A-5C and 6. "The advertising detailed information is video and/or audio information of the contents to describe in more detail goods and services which are provided to the viewer. As a method of providing the advertising detailed information, as shown in the construction of FIG. 3, a method of multiplexing it to a digital broadcasting signal and a method of providing it from an information providing station other than the broadcasting signal are prepared. In this example, the detailed information is provided from the detailed information homepage 33 as an information providing station through the access point 31 and internet 32 as shown in FIG. 2 and as mentioned above. When the advertising detailed information is transmitted by the broadcasting signal, an accessing method of the detailed information in the broadcasting signal associated to the advertising information is specified by the link information included in the advertising information. For instance, a packet ID including the advertising detailed information is designated. In case of obtaining the detailed information through the internet 32, the accessing method of the detailed information associated to the advertising information is specified by the link information included in the advertising information. For example,

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the link information includes the address information of a client such as URL (Uniform Resource Locator) of the detailed information homepage 33 of the internet 32" (Paragraphs 0011-0012; See Paragraphs 0133-0134). The claimed limitation of "displaying the advertising information on the television screen with the set top communications box" is met by Figure 6. "The OSD control unit 70 is controlled by the main control unit 65. In the OSD control unit 70, an image such as a menu picture plane or the like is superimposed. The processed video signal is displayed as a picture plane. For example, in case of using an advertising icon as advertising information, the main control unit 65 controls the OSD control unit 70 and displays the advertising icon into the picture plane for a predetermined time" (Paragraph 0127; See paragraph 0133).

With respect to the claimed limitation of "storing icons and associated advertising information on a server connected to the global computer network", Hattori discloses storing icons and associated advertising information on a server and storing associated advertising information (i.e. the detailed information) on a server connected to the global computer network (i.e. the Internet). Hattori fail to disclose *storing icons* and associated advertising information on a server connected to the global computer network. Shoff discloses storing icons and associated advertising information on a server connected to the global computer network (Paragraphs 0035-0038) so as to take advantage of a wide variety of resources (Paragraph 0006). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the system of Hattori with storing icons and associated advertising information on a server connected to the global computer network for the stated advantage.

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Regarding claim 2, Hattori shows that the advertising information is displayed in a distinct frame in the screen (Paragraph 0136-0137).

Regarding claim 3, Hattori shows superimposing an icon over a television program (Paragraph 0136-0137).

Regarding claim 4, Hattori shows that if a user does not input a response to one icon, a second icon for another item is shown after a period of inactivity (Paragraph 0133; Figure 5A, Items S7 and S1-S4). After a predetermined time, the icon is no longer displayed. The second icon is displayed once the conditions for steps S1-S4 are satisfied.

Regarding claim 5, Hattori and Shoff fail to specifically state the length of time that elapse between the display of a first icon and the display of a second icon. Official Notice is given that it is well known and expected in the art to use a variety of time lengths between displaying successive times. This allows enough time for the user to select the icon, but not too much time in the event the user is not interested in the current icon and is waiting for the next. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the system of Hattori and Shoff with the 1 to 5 minute duration so that a user would be provided with new icons in a timely manner in the event the user is not interested in the present icon.

Regarding Claim 6, Hattori shows transmitting advertising information to the memory of the set-top box for display on the user's screen and following detecting on of the icons has been selected, transmitting the advertising information to the set-top box (Figures 5A-5C).

Regarding claim 7, Shoff shows a variety of display methods, including displaying advertising data in the main portion of the screen in place of television program data (Figure 6).

Regarding claim 8, Hattori shows transmitting advertising information to the memory of the set-top box for display on the user's screen and following detecting one of the icons has been selected, transmitting the advertising information to the set-top box (Figures 5A-5C).

Regarding claim 9, Hattori shows that if a user does not input a response to one icon, a second icon for another item is shown after a period of inactivity (Paragraph 0133; Figure 5A, Items S7 and S1-S4). After a predetermined time, the icon is no longer displayed. The second icon is displayed once the conditions for steps S1-S4 are satisfied.

Regarding claim 10, Hattori and Shoff fail to specifically state the length of time that elapse between the display of a first icon and the display of a second icon. Official Notice is given that it is well known and expected in the art to use a variety of time lengths between displaying successive items. This allows enough time for the user to select the icon, but not too much time in the event the user is not interested in the current icon and is waiting for the next. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the system of Hattori and Shoff with the 1 to 5 minute duration so that a user would be provided with new icons in a timely manner in the event the user is not interested in the present icon.

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Regarding claim 11, Hattori shows superimposing an icon over a television program (Figure 6).

Regarding claim 18, the claimed limitation of "downloading by the set-top box an advertising information associated with the advertising icon from the advertising server through the Internet" is met by Figures 2 and 3 (See that discussed for claim 1). The claimed limitations of "displaying by the set-top box a television program on a television screen and the downloaded advertising icon on the television screen at the same time" and "receiving through an input device for the set-top box a user selection of the displayed icon" are met by Figure 5A and 6. The claimed limitations of "wherein the displayed advertising icon is not selected for display based on the subject matter of the television program being displayed" and "wherein the advertising information associated with the displayed icon is targeted based on information of the subscriber" are met by Figure 5A. The advertisements are targeted based on viewer attributes, such as sex, age, district and hobbies. Since the advertisements are based on viewer attribute, they are not based on the television program being displayed. The claimed limitation of "displaying by the set-top box the advertising information associated with the selected icon on the television screen" is met by Figure 6. With respect to the claimed limitation of "downloading by a set-top box an advertising icon from an advertising server through the Internet", Hattori discloses storing icons and associated advertising information on a server and storing associated advertising information (i.e. the detailed information) on a server connected to the Internet. Hattori fail to disclose downloading by a set-top box an advertising icon from an advertising server through the Internet. Shoff discloses

downloading by a set-top box an advertising icon from an advertising server through the Internet (Paragraphs 0035-0038) so as to take advantage of a wide variety of resources (Paragraph 0006). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the system of Hattori with storing icons and associated advertising information on a server connected to the global computer network for the stated advantage.

Regarding Claims 19-20, Hattori shows the icon has an associated link pointing to the associated advertising information, the step of downloading by the set-top box an advertising icon includes requesting a download of the associated advertising information from the advertising server using the associated link when the user has selected the displayed icon, the step of downloading by the set-top box an advertising icon includes: after the user selection is received, requesting a download of the associated advertising information from the advertising server; and receiving the requested advertising information by the set-top box (see claim 1).

Regarding claim 21, Hattori shows displaying the advertising information includes displaying the television program being displayed on the television screen in a first frame and displaying the advertising information in a second frame different from the first frame (Paragraph 0136-0137).

Regarding claim 22, Hattori shows that if a user does not input a response to one icon, a different icon for another item is shown after a period of inactivity (Paragraph 0133; Figure 5A, Items S7 and S1-S4). After a predetermined time, the icon is no

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longer displayed. The second icon is displayed once the conditions for steps S1-S4 are satisfied.

Regarding claim 23, the recited limitations are met by that discussed above for claims 1 and 18.

Regarding claim 24, Hattori shows after the user selection is received from the input device, the processor requests a download of the associated advertising information from the advertising server and receives the requested advertising information for display on the television screen (see claim 1).

Regarding claims 25-26, Hattori shows the processor displays a different icon on the television screen when no user selection is received from the input device for a selected period of time and that if a user does not input a response to one icon, a different icon for another item is shown after a period of inactivity (Paragraph 0133; Figure 5A, Items S7 and S1-S4). After a predetermined time, the icon is no longer displayed. The second icon is displayed once the conditions for steps S1-S4 are satisfied.

Regarding claims 27-29, Hattori and Shoff fail to specifically state the information of the subscriber comprises location information of the subscriber. Official Notice is given that it is well known in the art to use location information of the subscriber. This allows advertises to further segment the market for as to increase the effectiveness of and advertisement. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the system of Hattori and Shoff the

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information of the subscriber comprising location information of the subscriber for the stated advantage.

Conclusion

4. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

5. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to John Manning whose telephone number is 571-272-7352. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F: 9:00 - 5:30.

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If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, John W. Miller can be reached on 571-272-7353. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

JM July 17, 2006

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